

02-May-2023 Everest Re Group Ltd. (RE)

Q1 2023 Earnings Call

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION SECTION

Operator: Good day and welcome to the Everest Re Group First Quarter 2023 Earnings Conference Call. All participants will be in listen-only mode. [Operator Instructions] After today's presentation, there will be an opportunity to ask questions. [Operator Instructions] Please note today's event is being recorded.

I would now like to turn the conference over to Matt Rohrmann, Senior Vice President and Head of Investor Relations. Please go ahead.

Matt Rohrmann

Senior Vice President & Head-Investor Relations, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Good morning everyone and welcome to the Everest Re Group Limited first quarter of 2023 earnings conference call. The Everest executives, leading today's call, are Juan Andrade, President and CEO and Mark Kociancic, Executive Vice President and CFO. We are also joined by other members of the Everest Management team. Before we begin I'll preface the comments on today's call by noting that Everest SEC filings, including extensive disclosures with respect to forward-looking statements, Management comments regarding estimates, projections and similar are subject to the risks, uncertainties and assumptions as noted in these filings. Management may also refer to certain non-GAAP financial measures. These items are reconciled in our earnings release and financial supplement.

With that, I'll turn the call over to Juan.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Thank you Matt.

Good morning, everyone. Thank you for joining us.

Everest started off strong in 2023 with significant growth, increased underwriting profits and operating ROE over 17%, and total shareholder return in excess of 14%. We continued to diversify and expand our plan with both of our underwriting businesses delivering profitable, broad-based growth. In reinsurance our leadership position was abundantly clear in the ongoing hard markets flight to quality. Our team's consistent execution resulted in record gross written premiums and expanded margins. We continued to invest in scaling our primary business, while remaining disciplined. We capitalized on the diversification of our portfolio and strong pricing environment. This led to stronger underwriting profits over last year. Everest is uniquely positioned to succeed in this market. We are bringing the full power of the Everest global franchise, together with underwriting discipline and the best talent in the business to drive sustainable returns.

With that, I'll turn to our first quarter financial highlights beginning at the group level. Group underwriting profit net investment income, operating income and net income all increased meaningfully in the quarter. Growth was excellent. And we continue to see great opportunities for continued expansion. We grew gross written premiums by almost 20% in constant dollars year-over-year, led by the reinsurance division, which achieved record quarterly premiums. Continued rate increases, exposure growth and strong underwriting discipline create margin expansion and keep us ahead of loss trend.

We delivered \$443 million in net operating income, up over 9% from prior year. The group combined ratio was 91.2%, a 40 basis point improvement from last year. It includes 3.7 points of catastrophe losses from the Turkey earthquake and the New Zealand floods and typhoon. We have no meaningful loss activity from the spring storms in the U.S., as our de-risking efforts continued to manifest in sales, in both our reinsurance and insurance results. We improved our attritional loss ratio 30 basis points year-over-year, reflecting pricing momentum and improving terms. Underwriting profits were \$273 million, which are among the company's highest quarterly results over the past five years.

Turning to investments, our high quality portfolio produced net investment income of \$260 million, a 7% improvement from prior year driven by higher new money yields.

Now turning to our reinsurance business. Reinsurance delivered an outstanding first quarter performance with significant top- and bottom-line growth. We capitalized on our well-positioned and scalable reinsurance franchise, our leadership position, the hard property cat market, and our deep client and broker relationships resulting in excellent outcomes for the portfolio at the January 1 and April 1 renewals.

The precise and disciplined execution by our reinsurance team positioned Everest to succeed in this dynamic market. We targeted attractive opportunities to grow with trusted partners and materially improved risk-adjusted returns. Our practice of setting clear and consistent expectations early with clients and brokers led to significant improvement in pricing and terms and conditions across our portfolio while building long-term relationship equity.

That excessive loss pricing is excellent with risk-adjusted rate changes at January 1 of plus 50% in North America and over 40% International. Casualty lines, average rate increase has continued to exceed trend. Importantly, our team was distinguished as the preferred reinsurance market by being proactive and constructive with our customers. The value we created with our partners gives us a competitive advantage, helps us deepen our

relationships, and creates new opportunities. Our momentum continued at the [ph] April rhythm (6:19) where pricing remained strong, up 44% in North America and 26% in International. This builds on prior rate increases in 2022 with expected returns consistent with the levels we saw at January 1.

We grew strategically, most notably in specialty lines such as marine and aviation, with strong risk-adjusted returns. We expect to benefit from improvements in ceding commissions for the remainder of the year. We expect the strong market conditions to continue through 2023, and into 2024, and we remain on offense in this robust market.

Reinsurance topline results were excellent, up 23% on a constant basis with \$2.6 billion in gross written premiums. As I mentioned earlier, this is a quarterly record. Growth was broad-based by line and geography, up double-digits across every business unit. Property cat premiums were up 28% from last year, along with casualty and property pro rata premiums at 22% and 19% respectively. We delivered a 17% increase in underwriting profit to \$207 million. On a 90.8% combined ratio, a 60 basis point improvement from 2022. This included pre-tax catastrophe losses of \$108 million net of estimated recoveries and restatement premiums from the Turkey earthquakes and New Zealand floods and typhoon. Our deliberate efforts to optimize our portfolio and reduce cat volatility continued to improve our portfolio economics. Both the attritional loss ratio at 58% and the attritional combined ratio at 85.9% improved, down 90 basis points and 30 basis points respectively. Remember, many of the rate and margin improvements made at January 1 and April 1, will take several quarters to earn into our financial results. This should be a meaningful benefit for earned premium throughout the year. As we head into the upcoming renewals, our value proposition and relationships in the market have never been stronger. We will continue to bolster our global leadership position and maximize our portfolio's performance.

Now turning to insurance, where we delivered another solid performance, in the first quarter. We achieved a 92.4% combined ratio, in line with our previous assumption, resulting in an underwriting profit of \$66 million, up 12% year-over-year. We continued to grow and develop our world-class talent, capabilities and value proposition, to enhance our portfolio, and increase Everest's share of the global insurance market. We grew the insurance segment by nearly 12% in constant dollars, and generated over \$1 billion in premiums, for the eighth consecutive quarter. Growth was broad, geographically, driven by a diversified mix, across property and specialty lines, particularly strong in marine, energy and construction. We remain cautious, in certain lines, including Monoline's worker compensation and public company D&O.

We also benefited from pricing improvements in the first quarter. We achieved an 8% rate increase, excluding workers' compensation across the portfolio, led by property and excess liability with continued strong rate across other lines. This is the second sequential quarter with an increase in the overall level of rate changes achieved. We expect a hard market in reinsurance to put upward pressure on primary insurance pricing. This dynamic should extend to favorable pricing environment, in insurance, for the foreseeable future, and will also benefit our pro rata business, in the reinsurance segment. Despite severe weather, in the U.S., in the quarter, our cat losses were immaterial at \$2 million.

The overall cat result reflects our disciplined portfolio management actions, to reduce volatility, over the last several years, across the company. The attritional loss ratio was 64.2%, up modestly year-over-year, primarily due to a current accident-year adjustment to a single Medical Stop Loss program, which we non-renewed. Mark will provide more detail on this in a few minutes.

Throughout the first quarter, we continued to prudently manage the business, balancing investments, in our people, and infrastructure, as we build a company for the future. We are streamlining and scaling our operations to serve the market with greater efficiency, connectivity and agility as we grow. We are well-positioned to seize

attractive opportunities in this environment. We are expanding our breadth of innovative products and advancing our leadership across the global P&C market anchored by our underwriting discipline. Our sights are set firmly on shareholders, clients and colleagues as we take full advantage of the robust opportunities in this market.

With that, I'll turn it over to Mark to review the financials in more detail.

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Thank you, Juan, and good morning, everyone.

As Juan mentioned, Everest had a strong start to the year. The company reported operating income of \$443 million or \$11.31 per diluted share in the quarter. The operating ROE was 17.2% for the quarter, while total shareholder return or TSR stands at 14.1% year-to-date. We improved our overall attritional loss ratio while generating double-digit growth in constant dollars in both segments as pricing and terms remain attractive in a number of lines of business around the globe. The company's strong performance in the first quarter was led by our team's high level of execution, in our core markets, and we have a number of tailwinds that are back throughout the remainder of the year.

Looking at the Group results, for the first quarter of 2023, Everest reported gross written premium, \$3.7 billion, representing 17.5% growth year-over-year, or 19.5% growth, in constant dollars. The combined ratio was 91.2%, which includes 3.7 points of losses from natural catastrophes. Group attritional loss ratio was 59.7%, 30 basis point improvement over the prior year's quarter, led by the reinsurance segment, which I'll discuss in more detail, in just a moment. The group's commission ratio improved 40 basis points to 21.3% on mix changes. While the group expense ratio was 6.4%, up modestly year-over-year as we continue to invest in our talent within both franchises.

Moving to the segment results and starting with reinsurance. The reinsurance gross premiums written grew 23.2% in constant dollars during the quarter. Strong growth came from the successful execution of our 1/1 renewal strategy. A significant amount of the premium growth came from property and casualty pro rata treaties, which will earn in more gradually an excess-of-loss treaties over the coming quarters. As Juan said, this will be beneficial to earned premium for the rest of the year.

We generated double-digit growth in all three of our operating divisions, North America, International and Global Fac. The combined ratio was 90.8%, which includes five points related to the Turkish earthquake and New Zealand floods, as Juan noted earlier. Despite these events, our loss experience came in lower than our planned cat load. The attritional loss ratio improved 90 basis points to 58% as we continue to achieve more favorable rate and terms, as well as shifting the book towards accounts with better risk-adjusted margin potential. The commission ratio was 25% broadly in line with last year. The underwriting related expense ratio was 2.8%, modestly higher year-over-year, largely driven by the timing of certain expenses. We remain focused on operational efficiency across the entire company.

Moving to insurance. Gross premiums written grew 11.5% in constant dollars to \$1.1 billion, which is impacted by the seasonality and tends to be our lowest quarterly production. Growth was primarily driven by property and specialty lines in the quarter. As pricing gained additional momentum, from the fourth quarter, and remains well ahead of loss trend, the combined ratio was 92.4%, up 50 basis points year-over-year.

The attritional loss ratio was higher this quarter at 64.2% as we took a one-time increase in the current accident year on our Medical Stop Loss business of \$15 million. A portion of our Medical Stop Loss portfolio saw an

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increase in large loss activity. We isolated the poor claim performance to a single block of business, took decisive action and non-renewed it. Rest of the Medical Stop Loss book is performing within expectations. When assessing any book of business, we want to make sure we are as proactive as possible, triangulating and mitigating any losses as soon as possible.

Commission ratio improved 70 basis points, largely driven by business mix. The underwriting-related expense ratio was 15.9%, which is within our expectations, as we continue to expand our global footprint, and continue to proactively invest, in a number of growth initiatives, across the business. We expect to achieve a mid-15% insurance expense ratio by year-end 2023, and we also reaffirm the 91% to 93% combined ratio assumption for insurance.

And finally to cover investments, tax and the balance sheet. Net investment income for the quarter was \$260 million, with interest income coming in at \$264 million, alternative assets at \$7 million, before expenses of \$12 million. We continue to see the benefit of higher new money yields in the fixed income portfolio, while alternative returns should pick up, in coming quarters, assuming the broader market remains positive. Overall, our book yield improved from 2.5% to 3.8% year-over-year, and our reinvestment rate remains well north of 5%. We continue to have a short asset duration of approximately three years. And as a reminder, approximately 20% of our fixed income investments are in floating rate securities.

For the first quarter of 2023, our operating income tax rate was 9.2%, benefiting from the geographic distribution of our income streams, and thus favorable to our working assumption of 11% to 12% for the year. Shareholders' equity ended the quarter at \$9 billion or \$10.5 billion, excluding unrealized appreciation and depreciation of securities.

At the end of the quarter, unrealized losses in the fixed income portfolio equate to approximately \$1.5 billion, \$250 million lower as compared to year-end 2022. Cash flow from operations were strong at just under \$1.1 billion, during the quarter. Book value per share ended the quarter \$229.49, a sequential improvement of 7.2%, adjusted for dividends of a \$1.65 per share. Book value per share, excluding unrealized appreciation and depreciation of securities, stood at \$266.64 versus \$259.18 per share at the end of 2022, representing an annualized increase of approximately 3%. That leverage at quarter-end stood at 22.2%, modestly lower on a sequential basis.

In conclusion, Everest ended the first quarter 2023 in a strong position with good momentum, heading into the upcoming quarters. We continue to see good opportunities to invest in the platform and scalability of our company. That summarizes our first quarter results. And with that, I'll turn the call back over to Matt.

Matt Rohrmann

Senior Vice President & Head-Investor Relations, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Thanks, Mark. Operator, we are now ready to open the line for questions. We do ask that you please limit your questions to one question plus one follow-up and rejoin the queue if you have any additional questions.

QUESTION AND ANSWER SECTION

Operator: Thank you. We will now begin the question-and-answer session. [Operator Instructions] And today's first question comes from Elyse Greenspan with Wells Fargo. Please go ahead.

Elyse Greenspan

Analyst, Wells Fargo Securities LLC

Hi, thanks. Good morning. My first question, starting with reinsurance. Appreciate the comments on the call pointing to it, taking time for some of these rate increases to earn in. Just hoping to get a little bit more color on just the cadence of this, and how you expect like these strong rates you talked about at 1/1 as well as at 4/1 to earn into, your margin, right? So, how should that, 58% underlying loss ratio that you saw within reinsurance, trend over the balance of the year?

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Oh, that's great, Elyse. This is Juan Andrade. Good to hear from you. Let me kick it off in, first of all by saying, our operating performance for the quarter was excellent. As I just talked about in in my opening remarks, we had significant topline growth. We had underwriting profit, operating income and net income all up meaningfully, for the quarter, generating a 17% operating ROE and a 14% TSR. And I mention all of this because we're just getting started. And so, directly to your question, it's important to understand that the current environment, particularly in reinsurance, is providing us with meaningful margin expansion.

We expect to grow rapidly in 2023 as our reinsurance franchise is very scalable and our combined ratio should continue to improve on the strength of the rate and improved terms and conditions and mix of business. Now, directly to your question, I think it's also important to understand that the earned premium that we saw come through in the first quarter of the year was really mostly from the fourth quarter of 2022, which basically means that as this earns in, into the second quarter, third quarter and fourth quarter, it's going to be earning in at those much higher rate levels that we experienced at January 1, and that we're now experiencing at the April 1 renewals at the same time.

So again, I think the timing of this is going to be over the next few quarters for the rest of the year. But I expect this to be very accretive, and to have a positive impact, on the portfolio.

But let me ask Jim Williamson to maybe a little bit of color just to give you some perspective, particularly on the 4/1s.

Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes, thanks for the question, Elyse. And I think to add some color to what Juan laid out, just want to give you a little more perspective on what we're actually seeing under the covers, particularly starting with the Jan 1 renewal, and then continuing and a little bit of a view, if you don't mind, on where we see this market going.

As Juan indicated, we had excellent operating performance in Q1, the Jan renewal and really in a lead up to the January renewal, which really translated into us having a broad set of opportunities. And when I say broad, I really mean just about every class of business, starting clearly with prop cat, but also including casualty, specialty lines,

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financial lines, really in every market around the world. And our growth was very broad-based that way, including our North America treaty business, our International treaty business, as well as Facultative. And so, when you think about us attacking that, clearly Jan 1 renewal, we talked about a [ph] plus 50% in North America plus 40% international (24:06) on property cat. That continued into the April renewal where we were over 40% in North America, mid-to-upper 20s internationally, which included markets that started taking rate in 2022. So, that was exceptional.

At the same time, and very important, and Mark had touched on this in his opening remarks, we also saw terrific opportunities, in both casualty and property pro rata. And so, we took those opportunities. And I think our ability to constructively engage our clients and cedents gave us preferred positioning around those opportunities. And what are we seeing? Well, on the casualty side, rate continues to stay ahead of trend. That's what our clients are experiencing. Ceding commissions are also starting to come down. And so, those were terrific opportunities. We leaned into that.

On the property side, our view is we're at the very beginning stages of a major correction in the primary property market. And we'll get an opportunity to participate with our clients alongside them on a pro rata basis and, again, in very attractive ceding commissions. So, that was a meaningful part of our Q1 growth was in pro rata.

And then, as we go forward, the 4/1 renewal with outstanding, 5/1 renewal of, a little bit smaller, but also excellent results. And we're seeing a very consistent theme, where property renewals, as we go through the renewal periods, are achieving or exceeding the expected return levels we saw at January 1.

And then, I'll end it at 6/1 because it is relatively imminent. But our view is it'll be very consistent with that. We think the market will continue to dislocate. We will have incredible opportunities to grow with our best-in-class clients, and really allocate our capacity to superior returns. And again, I would expect that to be at or above what we saw at January 1. So, overall, a tremendous amount of really high-quality opportunity that we're capturing. But to Juan's point, it is going to take time for that to earn into our portfolio. And you started to see it a little bit in the first quarter. Obviously, the effect of Jan 1 begins to earn in, an important point I would make on that earning is we are also at the same time that we're attacking this incredible opportunity, we're also being very prudent on our loss picks. Remember that cat XOL does not get booked in at least at Everest with a zero percent attritional loss ratio. We are booking a very prudent attritional loss ratio. And our hope obviously is that we don't need those dollars, but we want them to be there in the event that there are attritional cat losses that don't meet our cat threshold. And so, over the next, quarter or two quarters, three quarters, you will start to see that become a bigger and bigger part of our portfolio. And that will exert downward pressure on our loss ratio and our combined ratio.

Elyse Greenspan

Analyst, Wells Fargo Securities LLC

Okay. That's helpful. And then my second question is on the insurance margin, right. You guys had called out the Medical Stop Loss, the impact in the quarter. So, if we adjust for that, we assume that the starting point for the second quarter and the rest of the year should be a 90% or better current accident year ex cat combined ratio in insurance given that that [ph] Medical Stop Loss (27:21) issue isn't expected to repeat?

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Elyse, it's Mark. Good morning. So, look, we had the one bump in the Medical Stop Loss this quarter. It's roughly \$15 million charge. We are confirming, and I mentioned it in my script, in the prepared remarks, 91% to 93% combined. So, we feel very good about the margin that we're adding, the growth that we're adding, both

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domestically and globally. So, I think the attritional loss ratio is showing, good improvement, definitely sustainable with the margins that we have, and we feel confident about remaining in that 91% to 93%.

Elyse Greenspan

Analyst, Wells Fargo Securities LLC

Thank you.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Thanks, Elyse.

Operator: Thank you. And our next question today comes from Yaron Kinar with Jefferies. Please go ahead.

Yaron Kinar

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Good morning, everybody. My first question goes to the loss picks. And I'm just curious if you saw any increases in liability or financial lines loss picks, both in insurance and reinsurance?

Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes. So, Yaron, this is Jim Williamson, and thanks for the question. I'll start with reinsurance. So, when I look at our loss picks, for the first quarter, I'd really indicate a few things.

One, within casualty, obviously, we're always evaluating in a very granular way our picks even at the subline level. And there were a number of puts and takes within casualty. But the overall casualty loss pick as it earned into the first quarter is very consistent with where we were last year. And our view is we're continuing to see rate, in excess of trend that's a good guy. At the same time, it's a pretty high risk environment, so we're being prudent about that.

On the financial lines side, that's for us in reinsurance that really means our mortgage portfolio. And again, we saw incredible opportunities in 2022 in particular with the two GSEs, which is very high margin business. But again, we're very prudent in the loss selection there, and our loss picks in 2023 are exactly the same as our loss picks in 2022, even though we've been moving further away from loss. And then, lastly, property, on the XOL side, we do see improving loss pick over last year, but again, we're still being, I think relatively prudent, and we don't book cat XOL at a zero. We're just a little under 20 for a nutritional loss pick there, which is an improvement over last year.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Sure. Yes. Thank you – thanks, Yaron, appreciate the question.

Yaron Kinar

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Actually, I do have a second one, if I could. And just on premium growth, if I may, one, the XOL premium growth was clearly a bit lower than the pricing you saw on property cat. And just want to confirm if that's a function of moving to higher layers or is it a function of the shrinking limits? What's behind that?

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Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes, Yaron, it's Jim, again. Look, I guess the way I would describe that is really in a couple of ways. One, the first thing we do when we're confronting the breadth of opportunity that I described in the earlier question is we look to create our own capacity. So, a lot of that is moving away from any area of the portfolio, we're not seeing the expected returns we want. An example of that, which was really a factor in 2022, is we were trimming some of our pro rata portfolios, which do have a heavy amount of premium with them. And then, obviously, the second factor, as you described, is we are moving further away from loss. And so, you do tend to see lower premiums per dollar of exposure, all other things being equal.

But what I would also say is all other things are clearly not equal. The rates online that we're seeing in our portfolio overall from a cat XOL perspective are up year-over-year, and quarter-over-quarter, even though we're moving further and further away from loss. So, that's what's driving what we expect to be very strong premium growth, both in the first quarter, and through the rest of the year.

But what I would also say, and I think this is crucial is our modeled expected profit is growing much faster than our written premium. And that's because you're seeing the [ph] scissoring (31:39) of margin expansion happening, in those cat XOL treaties. I think that's a really terrific result. And our expectation is, and it's certainly been proven out, Jan 1, April 1, May 1, we believe June 1 and really through 1/1/2024, we expect that [ph] scissoring (31:55) effect to continue.

Yaron Kinar

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Thanks so much.

Operator: Thank you. And our next question today comes from Mike Zaremski with BMO. Please go ahead.

Mike Zaremski

Analyst, BMO Capital Markets Corp.

Hi, Great. Ceding commissions improving, I believe, on the reinsurance side, were mentioned a couple times, on prepared remarks. Can you provide any updated color and let us know if that's one impacting the financial statements and if you expect that to continue into the mid-year renewals?

Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes. Mike, this is Jim Williamson and thanks for the question. Yes, we have seen improved ceding commissions, primarily driven on the casualty side, but also on the property pro rata side. Now, remember, when we talk about improved ceding commissions, and we mentioned it in our fourth quarter call, when we were talking about the January 1 renewal, we're giving you indications on a written basis. And so, what we had said, last quarter, and I would repeat it, is that we've seen about a point improvement in casualty ceding commissions, and a little less than that on property, mainly because property's ceding commissions were already relatively lean. We found them to be pretty attractive. So, that's on a written basis. Now that's going to take time, similar to the other comments that we've made, particularly when you're talking about pro rata premium that really earns over two years, that takes time for that to be reflected in the financials. So, you really haven't started to see that yet, but we expect it to emerge over the coming quarters.

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Mike Zaremski

Analyst, BMO Capital Markets Corp.

Okay. That's helpful. Also another follow-up on the prepared remarks. The optimism about the property side, about beginning stages of a major correction. Maybe you can kind of elaborate there, why we're in the beginning stages? Is this simply because some of the primaries are seeing their re-insurance rates go up a lot? And, there's clearly a lot of replacement cost inflation, so, the primaries are getting ahead of trying to get ahead of an issue? Or what are you seeing there, and why do you see that growth being so attractive, if some of the primary partners see themselves as kind of being a bit behind the inflation curve?

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes. Mike, this is Juan Andrade. Let me start and then I'll ask Mike Karmilowicz to add something to this answer as well.

Look, I think it all starts with the fact that we do have a structural supply and demand imbalance that's taking place in both insurance and reinsurance, frankly, on property cat, right? So, on the supply side of things, you have essentially less capacity being deployed by rated companies. You also have less of the ILS capital coming into the market. And, on the demand side, while we have all the issues that we've all lived through together, right, you have inflation, which is putting upward pressure on values. There's volatility in the environment from social inflation and other things. So, our cedent partners basically are requiring to buy more insurance, more reinsurance along those lines. So, that's structural supply and demand imbalance, I think is really what begins part of the equation.

Now, Jim has talked about what we have seen on the property side in reinsurance, which is very attractive, well from a pricing perspective, and we expect to see that through, 1/1/2024, maybe beyond. On the primary side, we're seeing basically the same things. We're now basically seeing property rates up in the high teens into the 20s. And if you are at wholesale it's plus 30, right. So you're definitely seeing that and keeping in mind that we have both the wholesale and a retail channel, we are getting that rate on both sides of the equation.

So, from our perspective, that also makes a lot of sense for us. Also, keep in mind that we have also been derisking the insurance side of our business, not just the reinsurance side. It's one of the reasons why you don't see us picking up losses from the spring events in the U.S. Basically we have \$2 million of cat loss in the insurance segment. So, we are seeing pretty significant rate increases, on the primary side. We have continued to de-risk. And our strategy and property has moved more towards middle market retail than anything else. So, all of these things, I think, is what makes it fairly attractive for us.

But Mike, maybe you can add a few points.

Michael Karmilowicz

Executive Vice President, President & CEO-Insurance Division, Everest National Insurance Co.

Sure. Now, I think that's well said, Juan. I guess I would just add a couple other comments, Mike, to that. One, we continue to push up the retail side. At the same time, given the market conditions, we've been able to continue to deemphasize the concentration of risk, particularly in the peak zones, the cat-prone zones, and particularly in the wholesale market. In addition to that, we've actually are now basically helping out with our foundational work we do with our international expansion. We're now spreading that out and diversifying our portfolio across the globe, giving us a lot better balance and overall more risk-adjusted returns that are more consistent and sustainable over the long haul.

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Mike Zaremski

Analyst, BMO Capital Markets Corp.

Great color. Thank you.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Thanks, Mike.

Operator: And our next question today comes from Brian Meredith with UBS. Please go ahead.

Brian Meredith

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Hi. Yes. First question, just looking at Florida renewals with the legislation that went through, on what are your expectations or what that means for potential capital moving in? And how do you think Everest will position itself for that 6/1 renewal being quota share versus excess-of-loss?

Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Sure, Brian. It's Jim Williamson. And thanks for the question. Yes, look, I mean, first of all, let me just say that our view on the reform that has occurred is, it's incredibly constructive. I think the fact that the government in Florida was able to get such a broad-based reform passed is, it's just excellent work. And we think over time that'll be incredibly healthy for the Florida insurance market, and will provide much-needed relief for homeowners there. At the same time, we think it's going to take time for the effects of that reform to prove itself. We don't expect the plaintiff bar to sit idly by while the reforms are implemented, and I think it remains a little bit to be seen on exactly what that will mean. And so, we're being very cautious on that.

Now, we have been a very consistent provider of capacity to the Florida market, and our expectations, is that will continue. In our view, on pricing terms and conditions in Florida for 6/1, we expect really modeled returns to exceed what we saw in Jan 1. So we think 6/1 will be better than Jan 1. The headline rate increases may not be as large because we already took significant rate in 2022, but the economics of those programs should be outstanding. And so, our view is, as long as that is, proven to be true, we'll continue to deploy a similar level of capacity to that market that we did in prior year. Now, in terms of our participation, we're almost exclusively an XOL market in Florida. We do have a couple of targeted quota share deals, but they're a relatively small part of the portfolio, and I don't really expect that mix to change.

Brian Meredith

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Great. Thanks. And then, my second question, I'm just curious of the cat loss. How big was Turkey? And then on that, I'm just curious, given that those are types of programs [ph] that have fairly low rate underlined and I'm not sure what (39:08) the return dynamics are there, why would you be writing that type of business now given just the strength of pricing and the attractive returns in areas like the U.S., and Europe, and other areas of the world?

Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes, sure, Brian. It's Jim again. Yes. So, on the Turkey quake, a couple of things. One, our loss was \$70 million for the Turkey quake. And what I would describe to you in terms of that market is we've been a long-term

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participant in the Turkey cat market. We have earned outstanding returns in that market. Similar to the things that we've done in other parts of our portfolio that were coming in over the last two years, we have really significantly reduced our participation in Turkey, primarily in our quota share treaties, which we've cut back significantly. But we are still an XOL player. We've made a lot of money even after this event. Our profit position is very strong and the return profile is very good.

The other thing that I would indicate on that \$70 million loss is, if you were to compare what happened in Turkey versus what happened, say, in the U.S., in the first quarter, I think it's an important contrast to point out. That Turkey quake was probably something like a one in 50 event. You had 50,000 people killed in Turkey alone, another 10,000 in Syria. It's a huge human tragedy. Our view is that is a real cat loss, and that's where Everest and its value proposition is meant to be called to help that country recover.

And I would contrast that with the U.S. storms, in the first quarter, which really, in our view, should be an attritional event, for the primary market. And you saw that play out in our portfolio. So, that gives you a sense of how we're playing those dynamics, and really focusing on, leveraging our capacity, we're getting high return, and also where you have actual cat losses.

Brian Meredith

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Makes sense. Thank you.

Operator: Thank you. And our next question comes from Meyer Shields with KBW. Please go ahead.

Meyer Shields

Analyst, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.

Thank you. Maybe you touched upon this a little bit with reinsurance. I was wondering if you could talk about how I guess from the conditions that our expected returns are evolving in the international insurance market.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Say that again Meyer, please.

Meyer Shields

Analyst, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.

I'm trying to get a sense of like I think I have a great sense of what's going on in property. But for other lines in insurance, I'm not sure I have a great handle on the opportunity that you're seeing there, in terms of how expected returns are evolving.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes, absolutely. I'm happy to start, and then I'll ask Mike Karmilowicz to jump in.

Look, I think there's a few dynamics to keep in mind, in the international markets. By definition, they tend to be more short-tailed in nature. So, that means that they're going to carry lower ELRs than what we have in North America because of our long-tail focus in North America, traditionally. So, I think that's an important thing to keep in mind. When we look at the broad trends, though, we see pricing actually to be quite good in places like Europe,

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Latin America and Asia for that short-tailed business. And so, for us, cat remains pretty attractive. And as we were saying, earlier, and I said in my prepared remarks, one of the great things that we're building, right now, is really a very diversified global insurance company, by geography, by product line, and by distribution wholesale retail, which enables us to play and deploy capital, where we find the most attractive areas.

So, for example, in the U.S., in the quarter, when we see public D&O, and maybe workers' compensation not as attractive as other lines of business, we can move away from those lines, be cautious, as I said, and deploy that capital into other lines of business, which could be, again, short-tailed property in Europe, or in Latin America, or even within the U.S., given what I said earlier. But that gives us a sense of how we manage the portfolio to get the most economic benefit for the company.

Michael Karmilowicz

Executive Vice President, President & CEO-Insurance Division, Everest National Insurance Co.

Yes, and I think, Meyer, I would just add, the comment on the short-tail piece, not only are we seeing opportunities in property, but also within marine, and aviation business as well given that our nature of somebody's lines, which we don't have legacy issues, particularly for marine and for specifically aviation, we have tremendous upside. We've hired great talent. We've got good teams that have great people and capability to Juan's point. And given what's happening in the reinsurance market, pick on the short-tail lines. You're just now starting to begin to see that rate environment starting to play through, which is giving us ample opportunity to be able to capitalize on the marketplace right now.

Meyer Shields

Analyst, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.

Okay, that's very helpful. Thank you. And then, one small follow-up and I may be trying too hard, but I think both Juan and Mark reaffirmed the 91% to 93% in insurance for this year's combined ratio. I was hoping you could update us on the reinsurance side.

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes. Meyer, it's Mark. Good morning. So, look, on the reinsurance side, we've got a great rate environment, right now. And I think Jim articulated a lot of the points that are behind that. We've clearly got lots of experience supply demand factors, impacting capacity. And our Q1 results are really demonstrating some solid growth, and our reinsurance franchise is very scalable. So, we're able to take advantage of that.

I think the rate is well-established. We defined that quite a bit in our press release and in our opening remarks. And you're going to see property, I think, become a larger component of our combined ratio over time. We're still using prudent loss picks no matter what, because you do have the loss experience of the past. It cannot go down to the bottom line that quickly, but it is shorter tail business, on the property side. So, we would expect to realize margin, notwithstanding the loss experience of the current year, over time.

So, I think what we've got is fairly meaningful strength, underpinning our combined ratio, going forward. So, as you see the net earned earning out with the increase of 2023 premiums, whether it's the pro rata side or the excess of loss with this strong rate environment, the shift towards more property versus casualty and the combined ratio, I think you'll see improvements in the combined ratio within reinsurance specifically, and we definitely see the margin expansion through the renewals, and we know that's going to filter down through the combined ratio, over time. So, I see this combined ratio question kind of solving itself through actual results, in the coming quarters, on an improved basis.

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Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yes. Meyer, I would add just to Mark said, I think that was well said, this is Juan. And I would repeat what I said to Elyse earlier in the call is that our combined ratio should continue to improve the strength of the rate, improved terms, mix of business, everything that Mark was talking about. And you look at the combined ratio that reinsurance had in this quarter, and I think that gives you a starting point.

Meyer Shields

Analyst, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.

Okay. Fantastic. Thank you so much.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Thank you.

Operator: And our next question today is a follow-up from Yaron Kinar with Jefferies. Please go ahead.

Yaron Kinar

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Thank you. I just want to ask a follow-up on the earning in of the pro rata premiums and reinsurance of over a two-year [ph] period. If I would be one year (46:53), is there a multi-year treaty component there, or is that just how pro rata has earned? I guess it's a bit new to me.

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Yaron, it's Mark speaking. So, it's a standard accounting convention, to earn pro rata on a - on what's called [ph] an eights basis, so over an eight-quarter period of time (47:15). And it's not a multi-year treaty. It's definitely a one-year treaty, which your cedents are obviously producing business throughout the year. So, it can produce premium, for example, in December, and it takes time to earn that out. So, the premium recognition, or earnings, is really standard, in the business, for pro rata and [ph] it's earned on an eights basis (47:42). And in the first guarter, without getting too technical, you have kind of a slow ramp up, because you had essentially started out earnings, really, at the midpoint of the first quarter, the 45th day of a 90-day quarter. And then, it ramps up over time throughout this eight-quarter period. And so, you've got last year's pro rata, whether it's property or casualty, still earning into the 2023 earned, for example. You've got the 2023 writings earning out. And so, that shift will occur through the year combined with whatever the loss picks are, and the waiting for those specific segments.

Yaron Kinar

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Got it. That's helpful. And then one other follow-up, if I may. I think you called out some timing issues, with expenses. When do you expect that to normalize?

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

So, I'll break it into two parts, so corporate and underwriting. So, on the corporate side, look, we have two components, the largest of which is really interest expense. We have a meaningful component of floating rate

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debt through the FHLB and then a floating rate sub-debt and that's based on three-month SOFR. And so that increased, I would say, roughly \$3 million a quarter on the run rate versus say Q1 of last year. I think that stabilizes for 2023. It's difficult to see SOFR moving that much this year. So, I think what you see in Q1 will hold for the remaining of the year, potentially go down, if SOFR goes down. Corporate expenses, I think, last year's run rate of approximately \$16 million a quarter is a pretty good run rate for this year. So, I see pretty good stability, generally speaking, for the corporate side.

On the underwriting, two pieces, reinsurance, insurance. So, I think, on the reinsurance side, we feel good about our expense ratio in general. You see a slightly elevated number, in Q1, really for platform expenses, for the most part. But I think somewhere in the [ph] 2/6 2/7 (50:04) expense ratio type areas is a good number for reinsurance in 2023. On the insurance side, we see that elevating a bit into the mid-15% area. We started off the year at [ph] a 59 (50:21) and I think that's a combination of two things. Talent acquisition and then a bit on the platform expense, as we're building out and scaling our operations in internationally and also domestically. But we're adding meaningful talent, especially at a senior level, globally, within the insurance franchise. So, I think that'll pay off over time. But you do pay for it early on in terms of the expense load.

I would point out a couple of things. So, one, we feel – we still feel very good about the technical ratio and insurance profitability that's coming in from the commission and ELRs on that standpoint. And hence, my comments in the prepared remarks of affirming our assumption on 91% and 93% combined, for the insurance division as a whole. So, we see a bit of a mix here, in terms of elevated underwriting expense, but still good on 91% and 93%, based on sound fundamentals of diversified businesses, and the good margin that we're seeing in that business. And I think you'll also see a pretty good growth rate in the – for the remainder of the year. Typically, we start seasonally with a lower production in Q1 for insurance and then it tends to ramp up Q2, Q4 in particular. So, we do feel that there will be some economies of scale occurring, as the division grows even more.

Yaron Kinar

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Thanks for taking my additional questions and for the comprehensive color.

Operator: And then our next question is a follow from Elyse Greenspan with Wells Fargo. Please go ahead.

Elyse Greenspan

Analyst, Wells Fargo Securities LLC

Hi. Good morning again. So, I want to go back, also, to the reinsurance discussion. I appreciate right that you guys are saying some of these contracts are going to take a couple of years to earn in. But, maybe asking it a different way, you guys printed a 58% underlying loss ratio in the first guarter. When this business is fully earned in, and we see the full impact of the rate increases, in your financials, what can that 58%, what can that number drop to?

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

That's, look, Elyse, that's a difficult question to answer. Let me frame it with a few of the components that would be taken into consideration. So, I mentioned to you the composition of the business itself. So, we do see property coming in stronger. And I think both Juan and Jim really articulated the level of rate increase that we're seeing. I think the growth is self-evident. You're seeing very strong rate. Jim is talking about risk-adjusted returns that are significantly higher. So, we believe the margins there are superior, really, really good. On the flip side, you're still seeing significant casualty growth, especially on the pro rata. And we're using prudent loss picks there because

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we are in a elevated risk environment. We're getting paid to take that risk. And so, you've got a mix of business that is still meaningfully impacted by casualty. And so, those are the kind of factors that mix and then the rate itself, which we feel good about, but are going to determine that over time, not to mention whatever the loss experience. But again, the fundamentals are great. This is truly a generational hard market, in particular for reinsurance property. We're just getting started. We love our positioning, and the ability of our franchise, how we're globally positioned, to take advantage of it, and really be selective, and adding value to our clients in this process. So, I think that the combined ratio will solve itself based on these sound fundamentals.

Elyse Greenspan

Analyst, Wells Fargo Securities LLC

Thanks. And then my one other for me, your PMLs, given your expectations for what you expect could transpire at mid-year, it sounds like you guys are still pretty positive about the reinsurance pricing environment. Where would you expect your PMLs to trend once we get through the [ph] June and July 1 (55:03) catastrophe reinsurance renewals?

Jim Williamson

Group Chief Operating Officer & Head-Reinsurance, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Sure, Elyse, this is Jim Williamson, great question. So, first of all, we do see tremendous opportunity. And we are leaning into that. And we have selectively deployed incremental capacity, always within the defined appetite of the group. And we've talked a number of times about our willingness to put both our earnings and capital at risk. And we have plenty of room within that defined appetite to maneuver. And that's certainly what we've been doing.

The other thing that I would say, that's a repeat of what you've heard from me in the past, but we always start with creating our own capacity. In any portfolio, there's good, better and best deals. And I could tell you, the good deals are not getting capacity anymore. It's really moving to the best deals. And so, what that's allowed us to do is selectively expand available capacity.

What does that mean? That means gross PMLs go up modestly, wasn't a huge move, as you saw at 1/1, when we printed our PMLs. I expect that trend to kind of play out through the rest of this year. As I indicated earlier, if 6/1 meets our expectations for our pricing and terms, I expect total capacity deployed to be consistent with last year, which I think will produce meaningful increases in premium, even more meaningful increases in expected profit, very modest or no real change in PMLs. And then, as you roll through the rest of the year, I would expect again, modest increases in gross PMLs with even larger increases in premium and profit. So, that should give you a view. I don't expect a wild move on the PMLs by any stretch of the imagination.

Elyse Greenspan

Analyst, Wells Fargo Securities LLC

Thank you.

Operator: Thank you. And ladies and gentlemen, today's final question is a follow-up from Mike Zaremski, of BMO. Please go ahead.

Mike Zaremski

Analyst, BMO Capital Markets Corp.

Okay, just one quick one. Just kind of thinking through the bullish outlook, generational hard market, that term was used, dislocation, just curious, is there – would there be a scenario, in the cards, where Everest would want

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to opportunistically raise capital? The debt capital was, levels were increased, last year, which looks like a great move. Just curious, if there's any scenarios, in which equity capital need to be raised as well.

Mark Kociancic

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Mike, it's Mark. So, look, we feel very good about our positioning, in this market, our ability to execute our plan. We've got the franchise on a global basis. We're a leading reinsurance market. So, I think the platform is clearly well-demonstrated, to meet this opportunity. We've got a lot of financial flexibility. And I'll just leave it that we're always exploring and evaluating our market opportunities and our capital structure to make it better.

Mike Zaremski Analyst, BMO Capital Markets Corp.

Thank you.

Operator: Thank you. And ladies and gentlemen, this concludes our question-and-answer session. I'd like to turn the conference back over to Juan Andrade, for any closing remarks.

Juan C. Andrade

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Everest Re Group Ltd.

Oh, thank you. And thank you all for being with us today. I think, as you can see, our operating performance was excellent, in the first quarter. We're off to a strong start. And we're on offense. You've heard some of our commentary here regarding the market and regarding the bullishness. The momentum is strong, and our ambitions are high. We're building on our first quarter momentum to continue delivering exceptional value, for all of our stakeholders.

So, with that, I thank you for your questions, for your time, and for the support of the company. And we'll see you soon at our second quarter results. Thank you.

Operator: Thank you. This concludes today's conference call. You may disconnect your lines. And have a wonderful day.

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